

PLASTIC ROTA-CONE IN MOTION SHOWING HOW ATOMIZING SPRAY ELEMENT COATS THE EVER-CHANGING SURFACE OF MATERIAL.

TABLE OF ROTA-CONE SIZES

Diam.	Total Volume Cubic Feet	Maximum Operating Capacity Cubic Feet
9″	.2	0.14
12"	.5	0.3
18″	1.7	1.1
24″	3.9	2.5
30″	7.7	5.0
36″	13.5	8.8
42″	21	13
48″	32	20
54″	45	30
60″	62	40
66″	83	54
72″	108	70
78″	137	90
90″	210	135
96″	255	165
108″	365	240
120″	500	325

In a matter of minutes a thorough blend can be obtained, regardless of the number of different materials and their comparative weights. The mixing action is extremely gentle and particle size and shape are not affected.

The Rota-Cone is also extremely useful for uniformly adding limited quantities of liquid to a dry base. An atomized spray, rigidly positioned over the batch, coats the constantly changing surface of dry material. This ensures a uniform distribution of the liquid. Wet areas, in the batch and on the blender walls, are avoided.

The use of an agitating element greatly enlarges the usefulness of the Rota-Cone Blender. Soft lumps are quickly dispersed and particle reaggregation is prevented. Fibrous masses can be separated and blended with dry or liquid additives without seriously affecting their structure.

The spraying and beating elements in combination or singly, can also, in many cases, be used to advantage in the Rota-Cone Vacuum Dryers.

PAUL O. ABBE ROTA-CONE VACUUM DRYERS—efficiently and economically dry a wide variety of materials in the form of

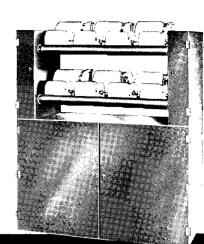
Powders	Chips	Shavings
Granules	Pellets	Filter Cake
Flakes	Crystals	Slurries

Temperature sensitive materials can be dried at low temperatures because of the high vacuum obtainable. Toxic fumes or vapors are always contained within the vacuum line and cannot escape into the working area. Solvent recovering is possible by means of a condenser. Particle size and shape are not affected, even where friable flakes or crystals are involved. Drying is rapid and thorough.

Paul O. Abbé Rota-Cones are of all-welded construction. The completely assembled cones are lathe-turned to insure perfect alignment. They are supported by rugged steel stands and the heavy steel motor base is an integral part of the main stand. Heavy duty antifriction roller bearings are standard equipment. Rota-Cone Vacuum Dryers are available in steel, stainless steel, aluminum, Monel, or bronze, and they can be lined with rubber or plastic.

CUT-AWAY VIEW OF ROTA-CONE SHOWING SAW-TOOTH AGITATING ELEMENT AND SPRAY NOZZLE. OTHER TYPES OF AGITATING ELEMENTS CAN BE SUP-PLIED, DEPENDING UPON MATERIAL TO BE HANDLED.

9" ROTA-CONE BLENDER



FOR DEVELOPING NEW PRODUCTS - MAKING SAMPLES - AND IMPROVING PRODUCTION ROUTINES.

STANDARD JAR SIZES

Size of Jar		Diameter :hes	Contents
	Diam.	Height	Gallons
Mijit	3.13	3.87	1/2 Pt.
S.S. Specimen	5.13	5.50	0.25
Specimen	5.25	5.80	0.25
Bacilli	6.06	6.60	0.41
S.S. Assay	8.75	9.00	1.25
Assay	8.75	9.65	1.25
No. 0	12.75	9.65	3.00
No. 1	13.40	12.50	4.00
Domestic	11.25	13.12	4.00
No. 2	14.75	16.50	7.00
No. 2A	22.50	24.50	30.00
No. 3	18.00	10.25	8.00
No. 4	18.00	19.00	13.50
No. 5	23.00	19.50	24.25
No. 5A	25.30	23.25	35.30
No. 6	30.00	24.50	57.00

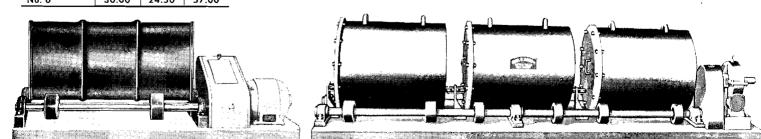
PAUL O. ABBÉ JAR ROLLING MILLS—are custom built from standard parts. This makes it possible to meet the individual requirements of the user without the extra cost custom equipment usually entails. They are built in single or multiple tiers, with 2 or more rolls per tier. Roll sizes range from 2" to 6" in diameter and 12" to 7 ft. long. Roll spacing is adjustable for different size jars. The roll surface is Neoprene, vulcanized to a steel core and smoothly ground to exact size. Other roll materials, including conductive rubber, wood, steel, etc., can also be furnished. All rolls are driven to prevent jar slippage and insure a uniform jar speed. Antifriction bearings are lifetime lubricated. Graphited bronze ball bearing jar stops prevent jars from creeping off ends of rolls. All drive parts are completely enclosed for safe, clean operation.

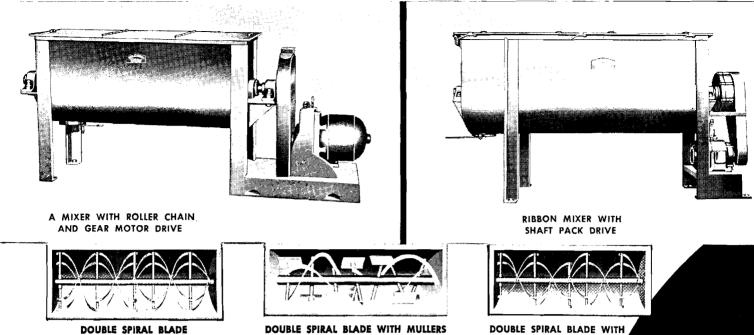
FRAME TYPE JAR MILLS—more than 350 types and sizes—for laboratory—pilot plant—and semi-production work.

TRUNNION MOUNTED JAR MILLS—built in 5 sizes, ranging from 8 to 57 gallons. They are especially recommended for pilot plant, semi-production, and larger laboratory batches.

JARS—made of highest quality white vitrified porcelain fortified with alumina for extra density and resistance to abrasion and impact. Jars can also be supplied in steel, stainless steel, bronze, etc. Rubber linings can also be furnished.

PAUL O. ABBÉ BARREL ROLLERS—made in single and multiple units. They can be arranged for rolling standard or special drums. Spacing is adjustable to suit different sizes, and variable speed drives can also be furnished for speed adjustments to compensate for changes in the size of the drums to be rolled.





PAUL O. ABBÉ RIBBON MIXERS-in addition to their primary function of dry blending, these mixers are often used to mix liquids and slurries, for crystallizing, densifying, and chemical or physical reactions. They can be arranged for either batch or continuous operation.

Various types of discharge valves are available for quickly and easily unloading the finished batch. Location of the valve can be either at the end or in the center.

Mixing blades are furnished in a wide range of styles to permit the selection of a type that will most efficiently handle the materials involved. Three of the most popular styles are illustrated.

Paul O. Abbé Ribbon Mixers are ruggedly built to provide years of trouble-free low-cost operation. Mixing bowls are of welded steel construction. Heavy duty antifriction roller bearings are mounted outboard so no oil or grease from the bearings can get into the mixer bowl, and no material from the mixer can work its way into the bearings. Easily adjusted packing boxes seal the mixer shaft. Jackets, for any pressure, can be supplied with any size Ribbon Mixer for heating or cooling the batch.

Mixers are built with various metals, including steel, stainless steel, aluminum, bronze, Monel, etc. They can also be lined with rubber or plastic.

INTERRUPTED OUTER FLIGHT

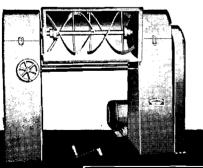
STANDARD RIBBON MIXER SIZES

Size	-	y Volume — Gals.	Bowl Dia.	Bowl Height	Bowl Length
			6"	7"	5″
0	.1	.6	-		-
۱	1.0	8	12″	15″	16″
2	1.3	10	12″	15″	20″
3	1.8	14	12″	15″	28″
4	3.5	27	14″	17"	40″
5	7.5	55	18″	22″	50″
6	11	82	18″	22″	74″
7	17	125	22"	26″	76″
8	20	146	22″	26″	90″
9	26	192	26″	30″	84″
10	36	270	30″	35″	88"
11	46	346	30″	35″	114″
11-A	59	444	36″	42″	100″
12	72	540	42″	48″	90″
13	91	684	42″	48″	114″
14	119	893	48″	54″	114″
15	150	1125	54″	63″	114"
16	186	1400	60″	69″	114″

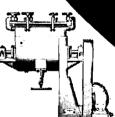
Larger sizes and variations in those listed can be furnished.

RIBBON MIXER WITH TILTING BOWL





		ORATORY		
MIXER	WITH	VACUUM	COVER	A

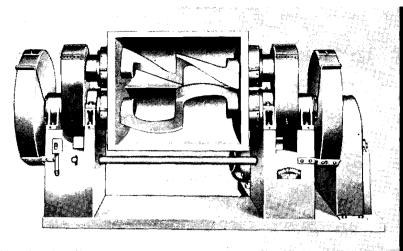


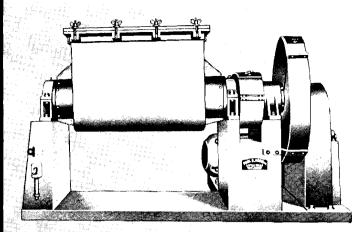
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141 CENTER AVENUE, LITTLE FALLS, NEW JERSEY - TELEPHONE: 201-CL 6-4242

ATLANTA 5, GEORGIA: George H. Crossley & Associates, 3390 Peachtree Rd., N. E., Telephone: 231-4278 CHICAGO 6, ILLINOIS: Stolley & Orlebeke, 605 W. Washington Blvd., Telephone: DE 2-1737 CINCINNATI 44, OHIO: R. F. Kleinfeldt Co., 2234 Berrywood Drive, Telephone: BE 1-1200 CLEVELAND 2, OHIO: R. F. Kleinfeldt Co., 8905 Lake Avenue, Telephone: AT 1-2552 SAGINAW, MICHIGAN: A. C. Beckert Co., 21 Berger Road, Telephone: 793-2420 ST. LOUIS 19, MISSOURI: P. W. Wittke Co., PO Box 52, Webster Groves, Telephone: WO 1-8494 FOREIGN: Columbian Carbon International Inc., 380 Madison Ave., New York 17, N. Y.

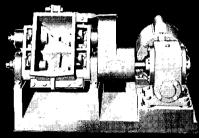
REPRESENTATIVES





LARGE SIZE HEAVY DUTY MASS AND PASTE MIXER





LABORATORY MASS AND PASTE MIXER

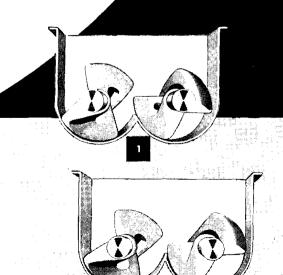
PAUL O. ABBÉ MASS and PASTE MIXERS have been developed for fast, thorough mixing and kneading of all types of pastes. They are made with single or double end drive. Single end is preferred for normal duty—double end for heavy duty. They are equipped with antifriction bearings throughout. Packing glands are easily accessible for maintenance and provide freedom from contamination. Machine-cut gears are completely enclosed at all times for protection from dust and dirt. Hydraulic dumps are furnished with the larger mixers, and either manual or hydraulic on the smaller sizes.

Mixing bowl and blades furnished in steel, stainless steel, brass, aluminum, Monel, or other metals. Bowls can also be lined with rubber or plastic.

Standard blade designs are illustrated and they can be installed for either tangential or overlapping operation.

Jackets for heating or cooling can be supplied, and where high pressures are involved A.S.M.E. code construction is used.

Dust proof covers, and covers for vacuum or pressure, are optional.



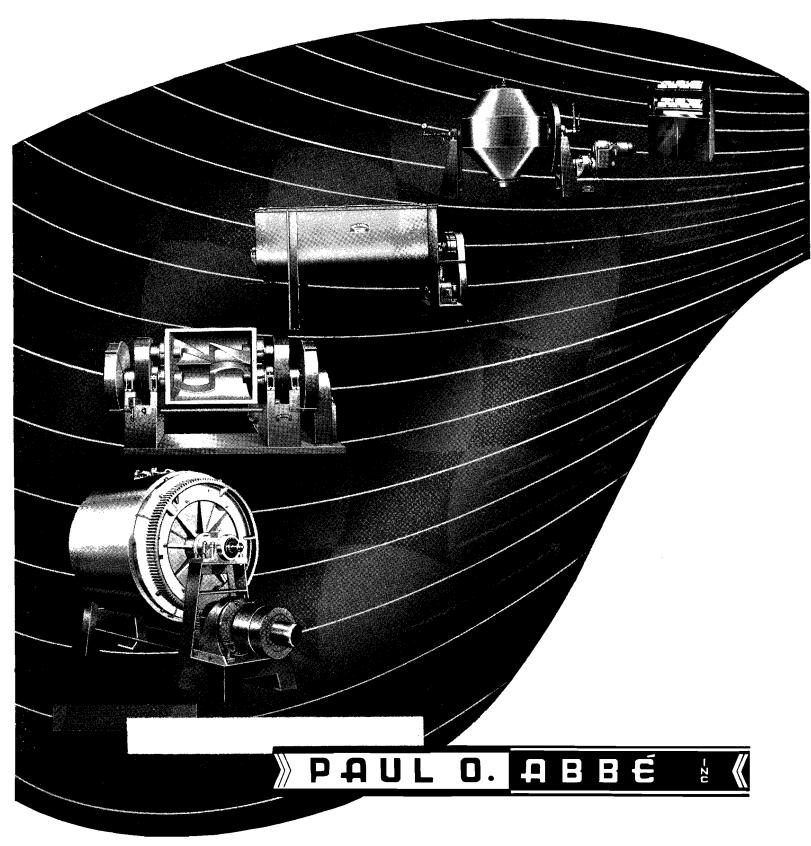
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MASS AND PASTE MIXER SIZES Bowl Mixing Size HP Capacity Capacity No. Gallons Gallons 0B 1/4 1/4 - 1/3 1/2 0A 1/4 - 1/2 3/4 1∕₂ 2 1 B 1 1/2-1 3/4 - 1 1/2 1 A 4 2 1 5 3 ³/4 - 2 2 5 1-3 8 20 10 1 1/2 - 5 3 3-7 1/2 20 5 40 7 70 40 71/2-15 8 90 60 10-25 10-25 115 75 9 100 15-30 10 160 11 250 150 15-40 300 200 20-50 12 450 300 25-60 13

- 1 OVERLAPPING BLADES
- 2 TANGENTIAL BLADES
- 3 CINCINNATUS BLADE
- 4 DISPERSION BLADE

A

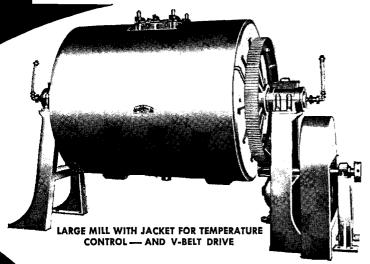


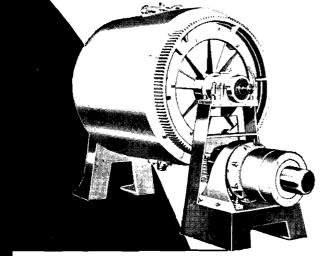


Paul O. Abbé has pioneered in the design and manufacture of Chemical Processing Equipment for Plant and Laboratory since 1893 which has set and maintained standards for rugged durability and efficiency unmatched in its field.

We maintain a Technical Service Department, available to customers for confidential cooperation in the solving of special problems and aid in maintaining strict quality production standards.

PAUL D. ABBÉ 🛓 🛛

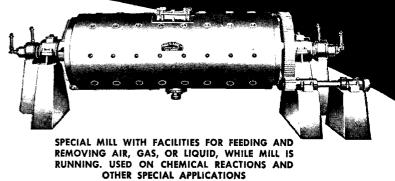




STANDARD MILL SIZES

1	nside C	Diameter	Total Volume	of Cylinder
Mill No.		ngth linder	Lined Pebble Mills	Unlined Steel Ball Mills
	Dia.	Length	Gailons	Gallons
9	15″	21″	- 9	16
8	18″	24″	16	26
8 ½	21″	28″	28	42
8A	24″	30″	40	59
8B	24″	36″	49	70
7	32″	24″	60	83
6	32″	36″	94	125
5A	37″	48″	166	223
5B	42″	48″	220	287
4A	45″	48″	251	330
4B	48″	60″	369	470
3A	54″	48″	389	476
3C	54″	60″	494	594
2	60″	48″	470	587
2A	60″	60″	597	734
2B	60″	72″	726	883
2 1/2	62″	72″	778	944
1	72″	60″	853	1057
1A	72″	72″	1035	1269
0	72″	96″	1405	1692
0A	72″	108″	1585	1903
OB	72″	120″	1765	2120
00	90″	120″	2850	3300

Operating capacity— Wet grinding: 25-60% of total volume Dry grinding: 25% of total volume



GRINDING - MIXING - REACTIONS

Rugged all steel cylinders and ends, with oversize forged steel trunnions insure years of continuous trouble-free performance. Fine tooth gears provide highest efficiency and quiet operation. Pinion is bottom mounted to equalize running strains and permit periodic changes in rotation for longer life to the gears and lining.

The heavy steel motor base is an integral part of the main stand, which prevents misalignment.

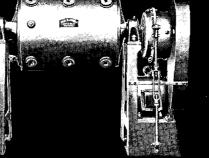
Jackets can be installed on the cylinders, or cylinders and ends, of any mill for circulating a heating or cooling medium for temperature control. Baffles in the jacket insure uniform circulation.

Steel Ball Mills—Grinding cylinders are chrome manganese but can be furnished in stainless steel or other metals. Replaceable steel liner plates are also available. Chip proof baffle bars are easily replaced when worn to maintain highest operating efficiency.

Pebble Mills—Linings available include standard and high density porcelain—imported or domestic Burrstone—various types of rubber—and other special materials.

Standard or high density porcelain—special selected imported flint pebbles—thru-hardened steel balls—stainless steel—bronze—and other metals in a wide range of sizes.

Built in diameters from 2 ft. to 6 ft., and lengths from 10 ft. to 22 ft.

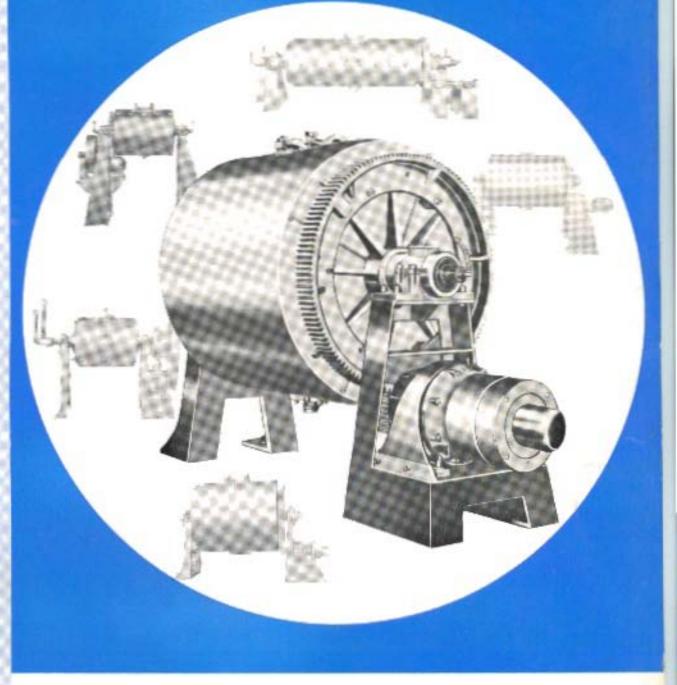




JACKETED LABORATORY STEEL BALL MILL

BALL & PEBBLE MILLS

CATALOG B-1





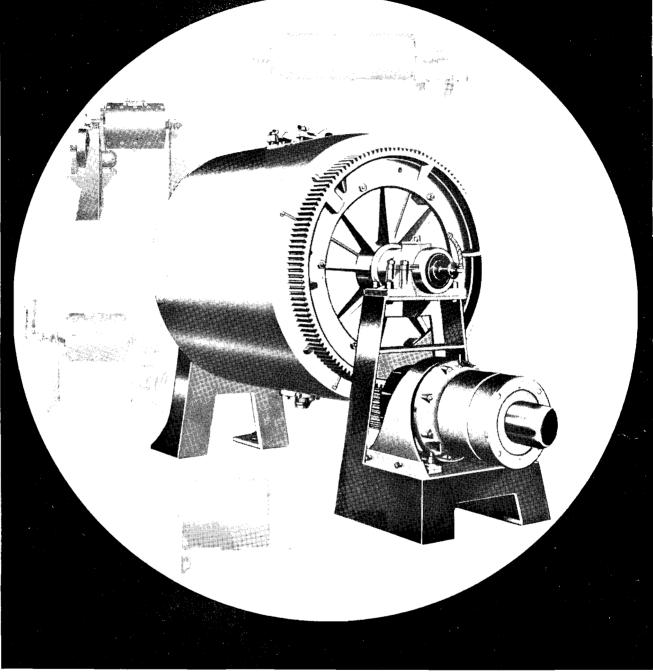
152 CENTER AVENUE . LITTLE FALLS, NEW JERSEY

WALTER H. KNAPP P. O. BOX 19885 HOUSTON, TEXAS 77824 HO 8-5142

TELEPHONE CLifford 6-4242

BALL & PEBBLE MILLS

CATALOG B-1





152 CENTER AVENUE • LITTLE FALLS, NEW JERSEY

WALTER H. KNAP**P** P. O. BOX 19025 HOUSTON, TEXAS 77024 HO 8-5142 **TELEPHONE CLifford 6-4242**

DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION

GEARS AND PINIONS

FINE PITCH MACHINE-CUT GEARS are standard equipment on Paul O. Abbé Mills, assuring smooth, quiet, vibration-free operation. The strength safety factor is sufficient to carry loads many times the rated capacity of the Mills and for this reason, with normal care, they last for many years even on a twenty-four hour daily schedule. The Ring Gears are bolted to steel pads on the Mill head and if replacements are ever necessary they can be quickly made on the job. The outer circumference of the Gears is less than that of the Mill cylinder. This provides maximum safety in operation and there is less chance of spilling material on the gear teeth.

Note: In some dry grinding operations it is desirable to completely enclose the cylinder with a dust housing. In these cases, gears can be installed on the outside of the bearing. See Figures on pages 24 and 25.

PINION LOCATION

It is especially important to see that the countershaft or direct motor drive is securely mounted. These are the first to feel the shock of the initial starting torque and must absorb a good portion of the running strains as well. Centering the pinion at the bottom of the gear is the best insurance for smooth, trouble-free performance and, consequently, all standard Paul O. Abbé Mills are driven in this manner. Some of the other advantages of this bottom pinion mounting are listed as follows:

- 1. Drive pressures on countershaft bearings and motor base deflected diagonally downward, thereby distributing strains equally on base and bolts.
- 2. Rotation of pinion can be made in either direction without affecting alignment or increasing running strains. This means effectively doubling the life of both gear and pinion, as well as increased convenience and versatility of installation.
- 3. No extended bearing support-arm to allow swaying or misalignment.
- 4. Pressure on bearings equalized.
- 5. Correct alignment maintained, insuring even meshing of gears.
- 6. Mills run more quietly and smoothly than

with other types of mountings, and power costs are less. Gears wcar longer — many Paul O. Abbé Mills have been running as long as 30 years with original gears, despite continued service.

- 7. Any drive installed does not protrude beyond the rim of Mill, even when guards are included. This minimizes floor space requirements.
- 8. Less operating hazard because pinion is installed at bottom of large gear — out of the way.

When desired, other locations for the pinion are available.

BEARINGS

Either babbitted or anti-friction roller bearings can be supplied with any Paul O. Abbé Ball and Pebble Mill. Our standard main bearings are babbitted with a high grade babbitt that has had the test of many years of successful service. They are designed in accordance with the best engineering practice so that running friction is kept at a minimum. An extra large bearing surface eliminates the danger of bearing fatigue.

A section of brick grease placed in the top half of the bearing provides sufficient lubrication for many months, even when running on a twenty-four hour schedule.

The countershafts of mills driven by V-belt or Silent Chain run at considerably faster speeds than the Mills, hence self-aligning heavy duty anti-friction roller bearings are furnished on these countershafts.

STANDS

Paul O. Abbé Ball and Pebble Mills are mounted on sturdy stands, providing adequate clearance under the discharging valve. These stands are machinefinished on all metal contact surfaces and have extra wide feet for greater floor bearing and stability. They are exceptionally strong and heavy and are designed to absorb all starting and running strains.

There are many occasions when the height must be changed to meet special operating conditions. If this is the case, high or low steel stands can be provided. Elevating the Mill can also be accomplished with concrete sub-bases. These are considerably heavier than the steel stands, however, and should be avoided where the floor load is limited.

DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION

PATENTED STEEL FOR BALL MILL SHELL

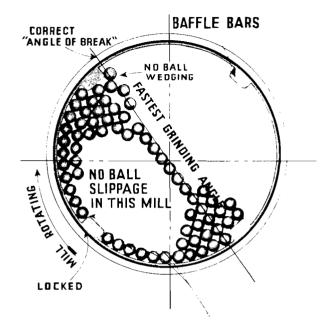
The shell in a Paul O. Abbé steel ball mill is a patented Chrome Manganese Steel. Every plate is tested chemically and mechanically, and must meet very rigid specifications before being passed for construction. A high tensile strength provides an extra safety factor for the heaviest load of Balls and Material. The hard, tough qualities of this special patented steel reduce the danger of contamination, excessive wear, and ridging of the shell. Butt welded seams and joints, made by skillful welders, provide a seamless, smooth, inner surfaceleak-proof and easy to clean. We can furnish Liners in place of the special Chrome Manganese Steel Shell whenever desired, in plain or corrugated types; and made of different kinds of metal to suit any special operating requirements.

BAFFLE BARS

Webster defines a baffle as "something which controls or directs flow." No better description could possibly be applied to the Paul O. Abbé baffle bars, for they have been specifically designed to direct the flow of balls and material in order to attain the most efficient grinding action.

A glance at the illustration shows why these bars work so well. The flat-sided baffle bars assure the maximum locking effect along the cylinder wall. All backward movement is thereby eliminated. The position of the balls does not change until they reach the correct angle of break. When they finally break away from the cylinder wall they achieve the swift maximum grinding energy which occurs only when the correct angle of break is maintained and backward slipping of the charge is eliminated.

The bars are shallow, eliminating excessive lifting or throwing of the balls. The outer edges in contact with the balls are smoothly rounded to eliminate any danger of chipping or flaking. There are many advantages in this type of bar but the most important are as follows:



This row of Balls "locked"--no friction, no wear on Shell while Mill revolves.

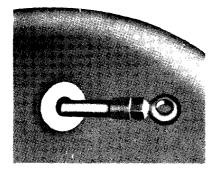
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- 1. Faster Grinding.
- 2. More uniform results.
- 3. No ridging of the shell thereby increasing its life by many years.
- 4. Less wear to the ball charge.
- 5. Less contamination because excessive wear is eliminated.

Paul O. Abbé baffle bars are made of a special chip proof, heat treated steel which resists the grinding and impact action of the steel balls. They last for many years, generally as long as the shell itself. Since any projections inside the Ball Mill shell are subject to wear there can be severe cases when the baffle bars will not last as long as the mill shell, and must be replaced. On such occasions replacements can be quickly and easily made on the job, since the bars are bolted to the cylinder.

Welded bars can be supplied where requested.

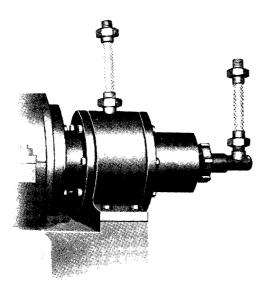
ACCESSORIES



AIR VENTS

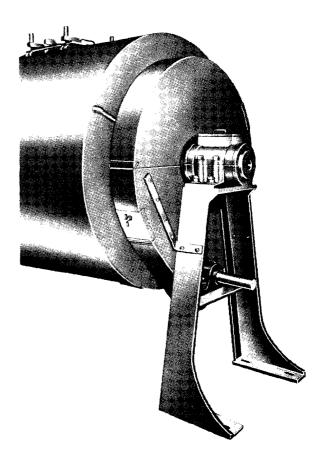
All wet grinding mills are equipped with air vents. They are used for releasing pressure that might build up while grinding, extracting samples at intermittent stages of the grinding cycle, and for attaching an air line when air pressure is desired to facilitate discharging. These vents are generally located in the head opposite the gear drive. Bronze plug closures are standard but other materials like Steel, Stainless, or Cast Iron can also be supplied.

DOUBLE ROTARY UNION



For chemical reactions, drying, distillation, etc., it is sometimes necessary to Jacket the outside of the Cylinder for temperature control of the batch and at the same time provide for drawing a vacuum, applying pressure, or introducing gases or liquids to the inside of the mill. The Paul O. Abbé double rotary union shown above has been designed to permit the fluid for the jacket to flow to and from the mill, and at the same time leave the center of the trunnion open so that the pressure can be controlled or the necessary fluids added to the batch as the mill is revolving.

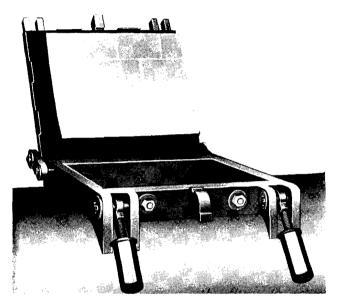
GEAR GUARDS



Gear guards that totally enclose both the large gear and pinion can be furnished when desired. They comply with all the safety regulations and also prevent dust and grime from collecting on gears.

DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION

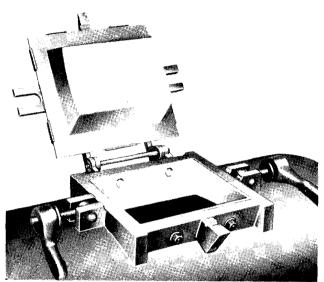
HINGED COVERS, as illustrated, are supplied on all Mills equipped with Built-In Discharge Valves. This arrangement saves gaskets and insures constant alignment of the cover. The hinge is transferable from one side of the cover to the other, permitting



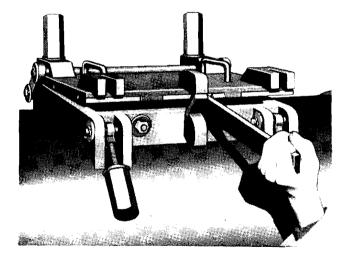
Porcelain lined hinged cover. Standard design for all mills 37" in diameter and larger.

complete flexibility in locating the loading side of the Mill.

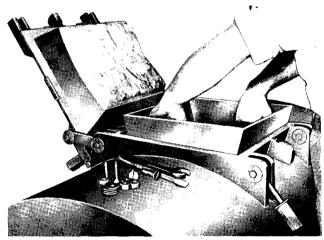
Illustrations show standard designs with swing bolts, but crossbar closures can be furnished when desired.



Burrstone lined hinged cover. Standard design for all mills 32" in diameter and smaller.



HANDY WEDGE BAR (above) breaks the cover seal quickly and easily by either a push or pull, from above, below, or in front of the mill. The bar is not attached to the Mill and after using, may be placed to one side — out of the way.

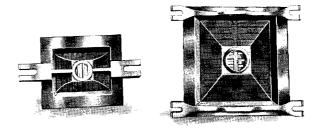


STEEL MANHOLE FRAMES are standard on all Paul O. Abbé Mills. They are welded to the Mill Shell, thus eliminating any danger of leakage. The flanges on the Pebble Mill Frames are detachable as shown above, and may be easily replaced.

WET DISCHARGES

WET DISCHARGE COVER

For discharging, this cover replaces the grinding cover. It is equipped with a grate which allows the material to flow out of the mill but retains the pebbles or balls. It is possible to install a valve to control the flow if desired.



COMBINATION GRINDING AND WET DISCHARGE COVER

The Combination Cover, like the Built-in Discharges, eliminates the need for a separate wet discharge cover. While grinding a solid plug is retained in the opening of the cover and to discharge this is replaced by a grate plug which allows the material to flow from the mill and retains the grinding media.

A valve can be installed on the outside of the grate plug to control the flow of material, if desired.

Combination covers are available with all types of mills and linings, including steel ball mills. Supplied unhinged, if preferred.

PATENT DISCHARGE VALVE

This type of valve is usually installed opposite the manhole opening but can be supplied as part of the grinding cover. It eliminates the need for an extra discharge cover.

It seals the mill inside the grinding chamber. To discharge, a quarter turn of the handle lines up slotted openings in a sliding grate parallel with similar openings in a stationary grate. The material then flows out through the openings and the grinding media are retained in the mill.

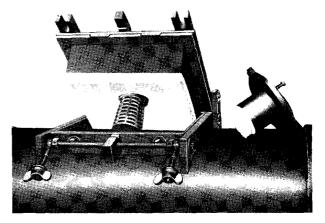
The grate surfaces are carefully ground to provide a positive seal against leaks. A coil spring applies constant pressure to seal the valve while the mill is running and control the flow of material during discharge.

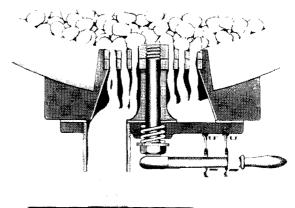
Not recommended with steel balls.

BUILT-IN DISCHARGE GRATE

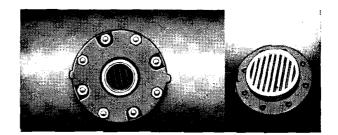
This type of valve is usually installed opposite the manhole opening. This valve has no internal closure. While the slots remain open as the Mill is running, the material does not pack in the space behind them because this area is constantly being flushed out as the cylinder revolves.

A threaded opening is provided for a plug cock or some other type of quick acting valve, if desired.









GRINDING MEDIA

FLINT PEBBLES

Paul O. Abbé imported French flint pebbles are the most popular and versatile of all grinding media. Their irregular shapes, exposing large grinding surfaces, insure the highest degree of grinding efficiency and are particularly effective where very fine grinding or complete dispersion is required in the shortest possible time. These pebbles are extremely hard and dense, thus eliminating all danger of contamination and insuring perfect grinding results on the most delicate products.

They are being used for grinding frit, glazes, white and colored paints, enamels and lacquers, food products, latex compounds, aniline dyes, graphite

Where a pure white grinding media is required, Paul O. Abbé porcelain balls are recommended. Due to a carefully controlled manufacturing process, they will not chip or break in service. They have

HIGH DENSITY BALLS

PORCELAIN BALLS

For faster grinding Paul O. Abbé high density porcelain balls are available in all sizes. They weigh 40% more than standard porcelain balls and this extra weight provides more efficient grinding, es-

STEEL BALLS

Paul O. Abbé steel balls are made of an alloy steel especially adapted for Ball Mill grinding and they insure the very highest quality finished product. A uniform heat treatment provides a through hardness of 60 to 65 Rockwell C.

They are supplied polished or unpolished. The polished balls require no conditioning. The unpolished balls have all scale removed and will develop a high polish after a few runs.

and clay mixtures for lead pencils, plastics, chemicals, and all other products ordinarily handled in Pebble Mills. Flint pebbles can be used in Mills having any type of lining; Burrstone, standard and high density porcelain, rubber, or even in unlined Mills.

The best grade pebbles are obtained from the Normandy beach in France. Exceptional care is taken in their selection. They are lighter in color, more uniform in size, and have fewer defects than ordinary pebbles. As a result of this discriminating selection, superior results may be expected using Paul O. Abbé selected French flint pebbles.

a dense, vitrified structure which is impervious to moisture and color. Consequently they can be cleaned easily and used with any type of lining whether porcelain, burrstone, steel, etc.

pecially on products that are difficult to break up like vitreous enamel and some types of paint. Except for steel balls, Paul O. Abbé high density balls are the fastest grinding media now in use.

SPECIAL METAL BALLS

Metal balls made of the following materials can be furnished when required:

Cast nickel alloy	Bronze
Stainless steel	Brass
Chilled iron	Aluminum
Forged low carbon steel	Tungsten carbide

SIZES AND WEIGHTS OF BALLS AND PEBBLES

PORCELA	AIN BALLS	HIGH I	DENSITY	STEEL	BALLS		FLINT PEB	BLE	5
5" Dia	175 to tb	PORCELA	AIN BALLS	' ₄″ Dia	430 to 1b	No. A-1	12" I	_ong	90 to 115
3 / 11	56 " th	' 4" Dia.	975 to 15	; * * *	125 " fb	No. B-2	⁵ x"• ³ 4"	,,	55 "tb
, " "	24 "tb	1,77 "	150 " fb	1," "	53 " fb	No. C-3	34"- I"	••	24 "tb
1	10 " tb	3	47 " tb	5 (26 " fb	No. 00	1"-1 4"	,,	6"fb
1	6 " tb	ī″"	15 " fb	3	17 " 15	No. 0	114"-134"	••	4" fb
1 <u>2</u> 	2.5 " Ho	11.4" "	8 " fb	~~~ ` ~ `	9.5 " H	No. 1	1 ³ 4"-2 ³ 8"	••	2 " fb
21,5" "	1.3 " tb	11,""	4.6 " th	î" "	7 " tb	No. 2	2's"-27s"	,,	1"fb
2 2	.9 " fb	13," "	2.9 " fb	11, " "	3.5 " th	No. 3	2" 8"-3 2"	••	.8" tb
)	.9 10	311 ·	2.9 10	11, "	2 " fb		2		
		2'5" "	i "tb	$\frac{1}{2''}$.8 " tb				

"ALL STEEL" PEBBLE MILLS

SIZES AND SPECIFICATIONS OF PAUL O. ABBÉ PEBBLE MILLS

	Ins	-icle	Total	Volum	a of Cy	linder					Batch	Sizes							Ree	010-
	Diar. and I		Porce); High D			stone	Pore	lam or	High D	ensity I	aned		Bur	rstone 1	aned		$-\frac{S_{\rm P}}{\rm R^{-1}}$	ed† ' M	nen Horse	
Pebble Mill	of Cy		Lin		Lu	ued	Dry M	atenal	We	(Mater	nal	Dгу М	atenai	We	a Mater	18 ¹				utor-‡
No	Dum	Lgth	Cu Ft	Gals	Cu Ft	Gals	Lbs	Gals	Charge	-60°, Charge Gals	Thon [⊙] down Cap Gals	$1.6s^{-1}$	Gais	40° , Charge Gals		Thin** down Cap Gals	Dıy	Wet	Porce- Jain or Flint Media	Den- sity
9	15″	21″ 21″	$\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{2}{1}$	9 16			30 53	$\frac{2}{4}$ 3	3-6 6	$\frac{5}{10}$	63 U						50 44	46 14	1 y 1 g	1 2 3 4
3	21"	28″ 30″	37	28 40	17	35	92 135	- 7 10	11	17 24	20 28	117	4	14	21	24	11 38	35		112 112
$\frac{2B}{7}$	24 ″ 32 ″	36″ 24″	6.6	49 60	5 S 7.1		165 200	12 15	20 21	29 36	34 42	145	11 13	17 21	26 32	30 37	38 32	35 29	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$
6 5 \	32″ 37″	36″	$\frac{12}{22}$ 6	94 166	$\frac{11}{22}$	85 163		24 42	38 66	-56 100	- 66 110	285 550	21 41	34 65	51 95	- 59 114	32 30	- 29 28	23	3
5B 4A	42." 15."	15"	30 34	$\frac{220}{251}$	29 34	$\frac{216}{254}$	750	55 63		132 151	154 176	725 850	54 63	- 56 100	130 151	151 176	$\frac{26}{25}$	24 23	3	$\frac{5}{7}$
4B 3A	15" 51"	60″ 48″	49 52	369 389	46	346 351	1230	92 97	148 156	$\frac{222}{234}$	258 272	$\frac{1150}{1175}$	55	138 140	208 211	242 246	24 23	22 21	$\frac{71}{71}$	10 10
$\frac{3C}{2}$	54 ″ 60 ″	60″ 48″	66 63	494 470	60 59	448 442	1650	124 118	198	297 282	$346 \\ 329$	1500 1475	$\frac{112}{110}$	179	$\frac{269}{265}$	314 309	$\frac{23}{22}$	$\frac{21}{20}$	10 10	15 15
$\frac{2\Lambda}{2B}$	60″ 60″	60″ 72″	80 97	$\frac{597}{726}$	$\frac{76}{92}$	566 688	2000	149	237 290	359 436	418 508	1900 2300	142 172	$\frac{226}{276}$	$\frac{-}{340}$	396 481	$\frac{22}{22}$	20 20	10 15	$\frac{15}{20}$
$\frac{24}{1}$	$\frac{62''}{72''}$	72 <i>"</i> 60"	104 E14	778 853	- 99 114	740 853	2600 2850	$\frac{195}{213}$	$\frac{312}{341}$	468 513	$\frac{545}{597}$	$\frac{2475}{2850}$	$\frac{185}{213}$	$\frac{296}{341}$	444 513	$\frac{518}{597}$	21 18	19 16	$\frac{15}{15}$	$\frac{20}{20}$
1 X ()	72"	$72''_{96''}$	138	1035 1405	138 188	$\frac{1035}{1405}$	3450 4700	$\frac{259}{351}$	414 562	622 843	$725 \\ 984$	3450 4700	259 351	$\frac{414}{562}$	622 843	725^{-1} 954	15	$\frac{16}{16}$	$\frac{20}{25}$	$\frac{25}{30}$
0 X 0 B	$\frac{72''}{72''}$	108″ 120″	$\frac{212}{236}$	1585 1765	$\frac{212}{236}$	1585 1765	- 5300 - 5900	396 441	634	952 1059	1110 1236	5300 5900	396 441	$\frac{634}{706}$	952 1059	$\frac{1110}{1236}$	18	16 16	$\frac{25}{30}$	10 10
00	90″	120″	381	2850	381	28.50	9500	713		1710	1995	9500	713	1140	1710	1995	16	14	50	60

Petable Mill	Inside Diameter and Length of Cylinder		Clear- ance	Depth	Height of Mill	Floor Space	Required		rinding Me iarge - Lhs			x Shippin Motor Dr Not Inclue	iven Milb	
No	Diam	Lgth	of Shell to Floor	of Valve	Mil)	V-Belt or Silent Chau	Compack	Flint	Porcelain	High		lain or ne Lined	քնցի 1 Լո	Density ied
						Drive	Drive	Pebbles	Balls	Density	Un- jacketed	Jacketed	Un- jacketed	Jacketed
9	15″ 18″	$\frac{21''}{24''}$	18" 17"	5″ 6″	3137 3167	31 S"X 31 5" 311 "X 31 6"	41.9"x21.2" 51.0"x21.8"	60 105	53 93	NI 111	900 1100	950 1200	$\frac{980}{1200}$	1050 1300
$\frac{81}{8\Lambda}$	$\frac{21''}{24''}$	$\frac{28''}{30''}$	16″ 20″	6″ 6″	31 5″ 11 3″	$\frac{1}{1}$, $\frac{1}{2}$,	6' 8"\3' 0" 7' 1"\3' 3"	$\frac{185}{270}^{10}$	$\frac{165}{240}$	$\frac{248}{365}$	1300	$\frac{1450}{2100}$	$1450 \\ 2050$	$\frac{1550}{2250}$
$\tilde{2}^{\mathrm{B}}$	$\frac{24''}{32''}$	$\frac{36''}{24''}$	20 ″ 23 ″	6″ 6″	$\frac{41.3''}{51.2''}$	6' 2"x 4' 0" 5'11"x 1' 9"	5' 1"\3' 3" 7' 4"\3'10"	330	$\frac{295}{355}$	$\frac{145}{535}$	2000 2300	$2300 \\ 2600$	$\frac{2200}{2550}$	2500 2850
6 5A	32″ 37″	36″ 48″	23 ″ 20 ″	6″ 6″	51 2" 51 5"	$\frac{6'}{7'} \frac{9'' \times 5'}{6'' \times 5'} \frac{2''}{7'}$	77 5″x3′10″ 91 8″x4′ 3″	630 1100	360 980	845 1480	2700 4300	3100 4800	3000 4750	3350 5300
58 4 A	42″ 45″	15"	21″ 25″	6″ >″	5110″ 61.7″	S 7"× 613" S 7"× 610"	9^{7} 6" χ 4' 8" 10' 5" χ 4'10"	$1509 \\ 1700$	1330 1510	$2020 \\ 2280$	5200 6400	5800 6800	5800 6800	$6400 \\ 7500$
4 B 3 A	48″ 54″	60″ 48″	24 ″ 21 ″	»" »"	61.97 71.07	9'40"× 6' 3" 8'40"× 6'11"	11' 3"x5' 5" 10' 3"x6' 6"	$\frac{2450}{2600}$	$\frac{2180}{2320}$	3290 3490	$\frac{7500}{7700}$	\$400	\$400 \$500	9300 9300
$\frac{3C}{2}$	54″ 60″	60" 18"	21 ″ 24 ″	2."	<u>;</u> ;;;"	10′ 2″× 7′ 0″ 10′ 0″× 6′10″	10′ 9″×6′ 6″ 11′10″×6′ 5″	3300 3150	$\frac{2940}{2800}$	4430 4230	- 8800 14500	9700 12100	9800 12500	10800 13400
$\frac{2 \Lambda}{2 B}$	60″ 60″	$\frac{60}{72}^{\prime\prime}$	$\frac{24''}{24''}$	<u>`</u> "	7. 5."	10' 8"× 6'10" 11 - 5"× 7' 4"	12' F"x6' 4" 14' 3"x6' 5"	4000 4850	3560 4320	5370 6520	11700 11800	$12800 \\ 13400$	12900 13100	14000 14800
$\frac{2^{4}}{1}$	62″ 72″	72 <i>"</i> 60 <i>"</i>	$\frac{24}{30}''$	`." ``	7/11 <i>″</i> 9111″	$\frac{11'}{12'} \frac{8''\sqrt{7'}}{2''\sqrt{9'}} \frac{8''}{4''}$	14' 3"x6' 6" 13' 5"x7' 5"	5200 5700	$\frac{4630}{5080}$	6980 7650	$12200 \\ 18200$	13900 19900	13600 19900	$15390 \\ 21600$
1 \	72"	$72''_{96''}$	30″ 30″	\" \"	91.4 <i>"</i> 91.4"	$\frac{13'}{15'} \frac{2'' \sqrt{9'}}{3'' \sqrt{10'}} \frac{4''}{1''}$	14' 9"x7' 5" 17' 6"x7' 5"	6900 9400	6140 8360	$\frac{9260}{12610}$	19200 22600	$21100 \\ 25100$	$\frac{21200}{25100}$	$23100 \\ 27600$
0 X 0 B	72″ 72″	108″ 120″	30″ 30″	2."	91 4" 91 4"	16' 3"×10' 1" 17' 3"×10' 1"	181 9″x71 5″ 191 4″x71 5″	10600 11800	9430 10500	$14230 \\ 15830$	23600 25700	26300 28800	26200 28400	$28900 \\ 31500$
00	90″	120''	36″	94	11' 1"	IS' 9"\10" 7"	21' 0"\9' 2"	1968.83	17000	25600	28800	32600	32600	36400

Dry charging capacity based on sand weighing 100 lbs. per cubic foot.

Thinned down capacity 70% of total contents.

 $^\circ$ Flint Pebble and Porcelain Ball Charge Based on 50% of Mill Volume. High Density Charge Based on 55% of Mill Volume.

[†] Speeds are the best average that have been calculated through experience. Some materials require changes in Mill speed, which is taken into consideration at time Mill is furnished. See page 2B.

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[‡] Recommended horsepowers are for average conditions. Power requirements may change with material weight and in some types of dry grinding. It is best to consult our engineering department for specific recommendations.

"ALL STEEL" BALL MILLS

							Bate	th Sizes					
Bali	Inside D and Lei	ngth of	Total V of Cy		Dry A	laternal		Wet M	laternd		$\frac{Sp}{R}$	edi P M	Recom-
Bali Mill No	Cylii	nder	- -				10' ,	601,		d Down eity**			mended Horse- power
N O	Dameter	Length	Cu Ft	Gallons	Lbs *	Gals	Charge Gals	Charge Gals	1 ₃ Ball Charge Gals	±g Ball Charge Gals	D_{TY}	Wet	of Motors‡
9	15″ 18″	21″ 24″	$\frac{2}{3}$ 5	$\frac{16}{26}$	50 88	1	6 10	10 16	$\frac{13}{21}$	11 18	14 11	41 38	3 ±
$\frac{8^{1}}{8A}^{2}$	21″ 24″	28″ 30″	5-6 8	12 59	140 200	11 15	$\frac{17}{24}$	$\frac{25}{35}$	34 17	20 41	37 36	$\frac{34}{33}$	$\frac{1}{3}^{1}$
$^{\mathrm{SB}}_{7}$	24″ 32″	36″ 24″	9 14	70 83	$\frac{225}{275}$	18 21	28 33	42 50	56 86	49 58	$\frac{36}{31}$	$\frac{33}{28}$	3 3
6 5.4	32″ 37″	36″ 48″	$17 \\ 30$	$\frac{125}{223}$	$\frac{125}{750}$	34 56	50 89	$\frac{75}{134}$	100 178	87 156	31 28	28 26	$\frac{5}{7}$ L ₂
5B 4A	12" 15"	18″ 18″	38 44	$\frac{287}{330}$	950 1100	72 83	$115 \\ 132$	172 198	$\frac{229}{264}$	200 234	25 24	23 22	7 4 <u>9</u> 10
4 B 3 A	48″ 54″	60″ 48″	63 64	170 176	1575 1600	$118 \\ 119$	188	$\frac{282}{286}$	$\frac{376}{381}$	329 333	$\frac{22}{21}$	20 19	15 15
3C 2	54" 60"	60″ 18″	79 75	594 587	1975 1950	149 147	238 235	357 352	475 470	416 412	21 19	19 17	20 20
2A 2B	60″ 60″	60 <i>"</i> 72"	98 118	734 883	2450 2950	183 221	294 353	141 530	387 707	$\frac{513}{617}$	19 19	17	25 25
$\frac{2^{1}}{1}^{2}$	62" 72"	72″ 60″	126 141	$\frac{944}{1057}$	3450 3520	236 264	378 423	- 634	755 845	660 740	19 17	17	30 30
1 A 0	72" 72"	72″ 96″	170 226	$1269 \\ 1692$	4250 5650	317 123	507 677	761 1017	1015 1350	888 1185	17 17	15 15	40 50
0A 0B	72″ 72″	108″ 120″	254 283	1903 2120	6350 7070	476 530	761 848	1142 1272	1520 1690	1332 1480	17	15 15	60 60
()()	90″	- 120"	111	3300	1020	825	1320	1982	2640	2310	14	12	75

SIZES AND SPECIFICATIONS OF PAUL O. ABBÉ STEEL BALL MILLS

Bali Mill	Inside Diameter and Length of Cylinder		Clear- ance	Depth of	Height of	Floor Space	• Required	Ball Charge	Ball Charge – Lbs		Approximate Shipping Weights, Motor Driven Mills Lbs (Not Including Balls)	
No	Dameter	Length	of Shell to Floor	Valve Valve	Mill	V-Belt or Silent Chain Drive	Compack Drive	334,	50° ,	Unjacketed	Jacketed	
9.8	15″ 18″	21 ″ 24 ″	18″ 17″	>" >"	$\frac{3'}{3'} \frac{4''}{7''}$	4′ 4″x 3′10″ 4′10″x 4′ 0″	4'11"x2'-4" 5'-2"x2'10"	$\frac{200}{350}$	$300 \\ 525$	780 1000	840 1080	
$\frac{8^{1}_{-2}}{8A}$	21 ″ 24 ″	28″ 30″	15″ 20″	.8″ 10″	$\frac{4'}{4'} \frac{0''}{7''}$	4′ 8″x 3′10″ 6′ 4″x 4′ 7″	$\frac{7'}{7'} \frac{1''x3'}{7''x3'10''}$	560 780	$\frac{840}{1170}$	1200 1560	$\frac{1320}{1780}$	
$_{7}^{88}$	24 ″ 32 ″	36″ 24″	20″ 21″	10″ 10″	$\frac{1'}{5'}$ 7"	6′10″x 4′10″ 6′ 2″x 5′ 0″	7' 2''x3'10'' 6'10''x4' 6''	930 1400	$1395 \\ 1650$	$\frac{1630}{2200}$	$\frac{1890}{2470}$	
6 5A	- 32″ 37″	36″ 48″	21″ 23″	10″ 10″	5′1″ 6′0″	7' 3"x 5' 3" 8' 7"x 5' 9"	7'10"x 4'-6" 10'-1"x5'-0"	1680 2980	$2520 \\ 4470$	$2480 \\ 3560$	$\frac{2870}{4120}$	
5B 4A	42″ 45″	48″ 48″	20″ 25″	12″ 11″	$\frac{6'}{6'11''}$	$\frac{8'}{9'} \frac{5''x}{1''x} \frac{6'}{6'} \frac{8''}{4''}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	3830 4400	$5745 \\ 6600$	$\frac{4560}{7640}$	$\frac{5190}{8310}$	
4 B 3 A	48″ 54″	60″ 48″	23″ 20″	12" 12"	$\frac{7'}{7'} \frac{0''}{3''}$	9'10"x 6' 9" 9' 6"x 7' 0"	$\frac{12'11''\bar{x}6'}{12'}\frac{1''}{0''\bar{x}6'}\frac{6''}{6''}$	6280 6350	$9420 \\ 9525$	$6980 \\ 7240$	7850 8030	
30	54 ″ 60 ″	$\frac{60''}{48''}$	20" 24"	12″ 12″	$\frac{7'}{8'} \frac{3''}{1''}$	$\frac{10'}{9'}\frac{2''x}{7''x}\frac{7'}{8'}\frac{0''}{0''}$	$\frac{12'}{13'} \frac{6'' x 6'}{0'' x 7'} \frac{6''}{0''}$	7940 7840	$11910 \\ 11760$	8900 9940	$\frac{9870}{10760}$	
$\frac{2\Lambda}{2B}$	60″ 60″	60″ 72″	24 ″ 24 ″	$\frac{12''}{12''}$	$\frac{8'}{8'}\frac{1''}{1''}$	$\frac{11'}{12'} \frac{1'' x}{1'' x} \frac{8'}{8'} \frac{\overline{0''}}{0''}$	14' 0"x7' 0" 15' 0"x7' 0"	9800 11700	$14700 \\ 17700$	$\frac{11160}{12780}$	$12230 \\ 14430$	
$\frac{2^{+}}{1}^{2}$	$\frac{62''}{72''}$	72″ 60″	23" 32"	$\frac{12''}{12''}$	8′2″ 9′4″	13′ 1″x 8′ 0″ 13′ 3″x 9′ 8″	14′ 6″x7′ 3″ 14′ 6″x8′ 1″	$12600 \\ 14100$	$\frac{18800}{21200}$	$12950 \\ 16300$	$14650 \\ 18000$	
1 A 0	72" 72"	72 <i>″</i> 96″	32″ 32″	$\frac{12''}{12''}$	$\frac{9'}{9'} \frac{4''}{4''}$	$\frac{14'}{17'} \frac{3''x}{0''x} \frac{9'}{9'} \frac{8''}{8''}$	16′ 3″x8′ 1″ 18′10″x8′ 1″	$17000 \\ 22600$	$25400 \\ 33900$	$\frac{18000}{23000}$	$20000 \\ 25500$	
0A 0B	72" 72"	108″ 120″	32" 32"	$\frac{12^{\#}}{12^{\#}}$	9' 4" 9' 4"	$\frac{18'}{19'} \frac{2'' x 10'}{6'' x 10'} \frac{1''}{1''}$	$\frac{20'}{21'} \frac{1''x8'}{8''x8'} \frac{1''}{1''}$	25400 28300	38200 42400	$24200 \\ 26300$	$26800 \\ 29400$	
00	90″	120″	35″	12″	11'7"	$\overline{20'}$ 6"x11' 5"	22′ 9″x9′ 7″	14(10)	66000	34800	38600	

* Dry charging capacity based on sand weighing 100 lbs. per cubic foot.

r an Status ** With 1/3 ball charge thinned down capacity is 80% of total volume. With ¹₂ ball charge, thinned down capacity is 70% of total contents. Variation in ball charge changes the operating capacity of Mill.

⁺ Speeds are the best average that have been calculated through experience. Some materials require changes in Mill speed, which is taken into consideration at time Mill is furnished. See page 2B.

[‡] Recommended horsepowers are for average conditions. Power requirements may change with material weight and in some types of dry grinding. It is best to consult our engineering department for specific recommendations.